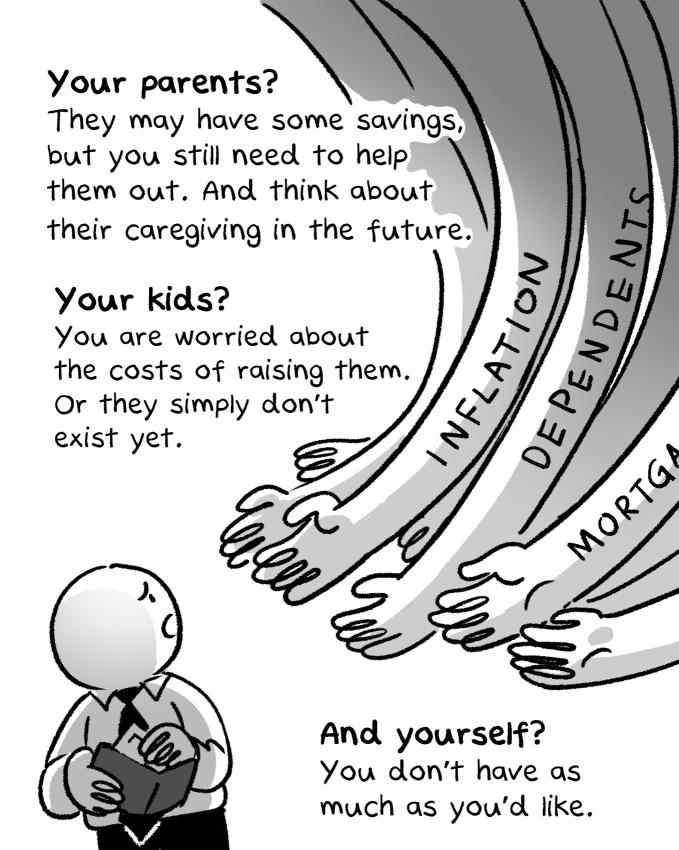


I'm willing to bet that many of y'all are in this situation:

You're a millennial and you've been working for a few years.





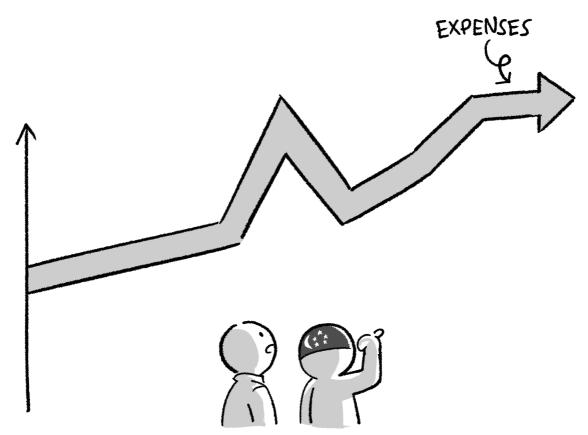




And it feels almost impossible.

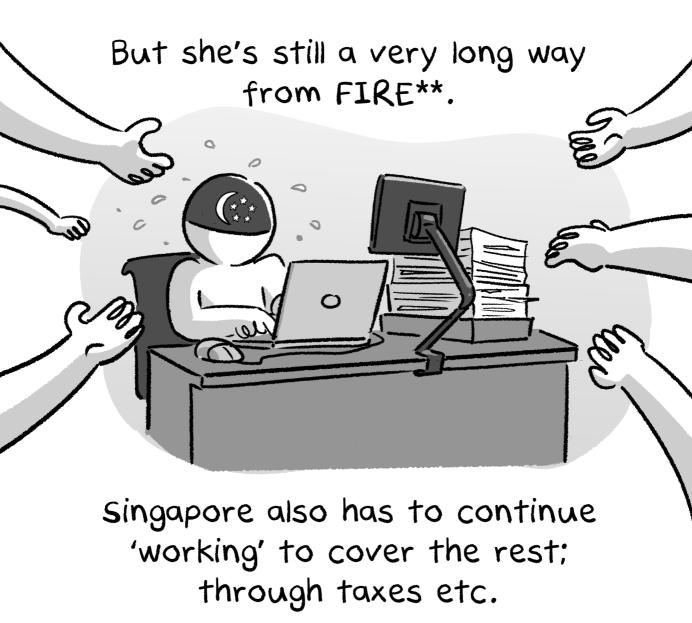


As of 2024, Singapore's expenses are rising rapidly due to increasing healthcare costs from an ageing population.



At the same time, she needs to spend a lot of money on current and future needs.

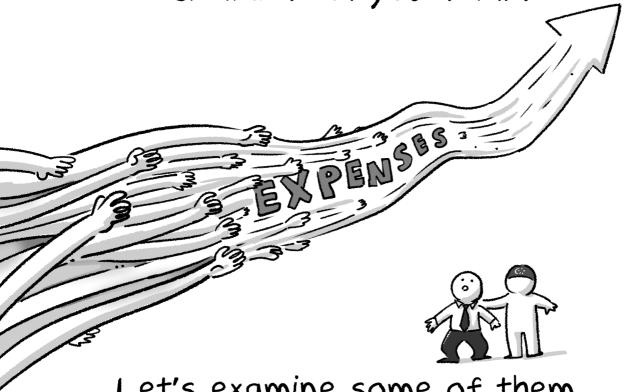
Like you, Singapore has returns from investments, which cover 20% of her total expenses*.



^{*}after reinvesting 50% of our returns, more on that later **Financial Independence, Retire Early

Admittedly, countries and individuals have vastly different circumstances.

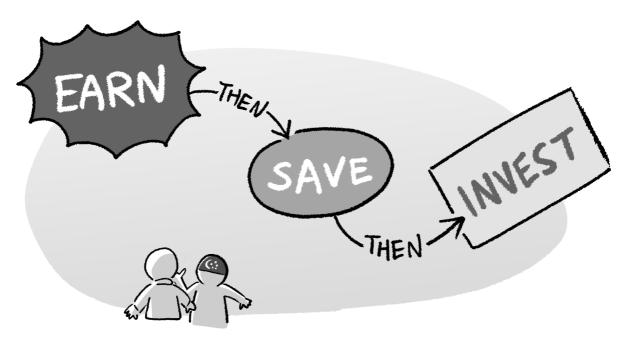
But the strategies both you and Singapore can take to improve your situation might be more similar than you think.



Let's examine some of them.

#1: Improve your earning ability

In every conversation about personal finance, we always talk about earning ability first.



Because if you cannot earn, then you cannot spend, save, invest, and all that financial stuff.

If you're the main breadwinner, this means boosting your income.

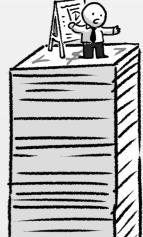
You can do this by:

- + improving your skills
- + building a strong professional network
- + using technology to be more efficient
- + starting a business (if you can)









In Singapore's position, the logic is the same; we need to stay competitive compared to other cities and countries worldwide.

This means:

- + Developing a skilled workforce
- + Attracting foreign investments and companies to bring in jobs
- + Developing our own homegrown businesses, and supporting them in going global
- + Creating infrastructure that makes Singapore attractive to live, work and play
- + Ensuring taxes remain competitive for both businesses and individuals



ALL ABOARD THE VALUE CHAIN!!!

#2: Invest safely and consistently

Investing can be difficult when you're already stretched financially.



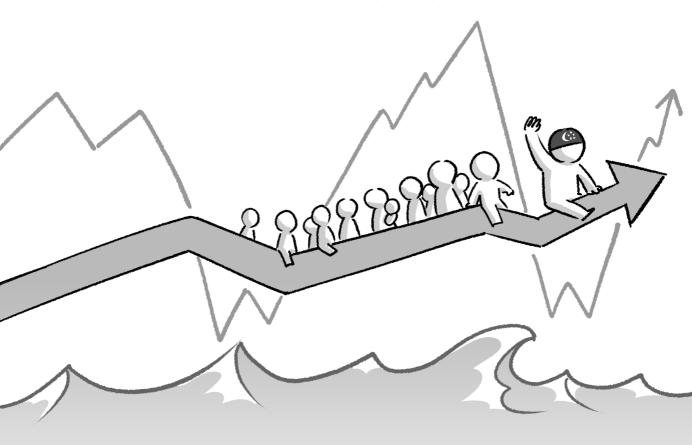
But if you don't invest, your savings will be eroded by inflation over time.

It may be tempting to take big risks to grow your money quickly - but big risks are also more vulnerable to big losses.



Compared to others with fewer responsibilities, you will need to be more mindful of your risk tolerance because more people are depending on you.

Similarly, Singapore is responsible for A LOT of people.

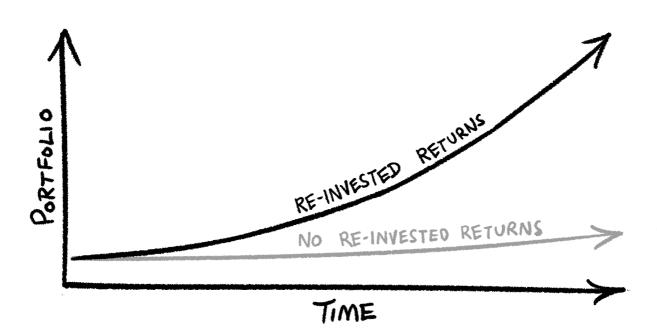


Singapore too has to invest for the long term in a way that is sustainable, and not just for maximum gains and growth.

#3: Reinvest your dividends

If you have existing investments making returns for you, try to reinvest your dividends as much as possible.

Why? Doing so allows your dividends to compound quickly - as compared to spending them.



Singapore also has the same idea.



This ensures that we will have the funds* for our future needs, and to tide us through any crises.

^{*}And these funds needed are only expected to increase.

But why only 50%?

Well, in Singapore's case, she's a country with high, growing expenses and financial responsibilities.



She needs to look after the current population, covering expenses like healthcare, education, etc.

#4: Be disciplined and prudent

When we make prudent financial decisions in life, not everyone will be happy with your choices.



Think about it:

If your dad <u>wants</u> a new car, do you just give it to him if you can't afford it?

If your child <u>wants</u> the latest gadgets, would you do the same?







Saying no sometimes, is important and necessary; even if it's difficult.

Because planning for the long term often requires some short term discomfort.



However, we also need to save for <u>future</u> challenges in an increasingly uncertain world.

Last but not least, we need to acknowledge that overcoming this situation requires a multi-generational effort.

You might feel a lot of pressure. But remember that you shouldn't bear this alone.



Your parents and (future, if any) children all have a part to play.

This is no different for Singapore.

Collectively, Singaporeans young and old need to understand the challenges faced by one another.



And the sacrifices we might need to make to reach a compromise.



You didn't choose the circumstances you were born into.

Singapore did not choose to be a tiny-nation, with no natural resources, either.



A message from our sponsor: Ministry of Finance

As a country, Singapore has to take care of the needs of many — both the young and old, and the generations to come.

And to do so sustainably, having strong reserves is crucial in ensuring we can continue to fund public programmes and schemes today and for the long term.

Find out more about how the investment returns from our reserves are supporting the needs of our nation at:

go.gov.sg/sgreserves

